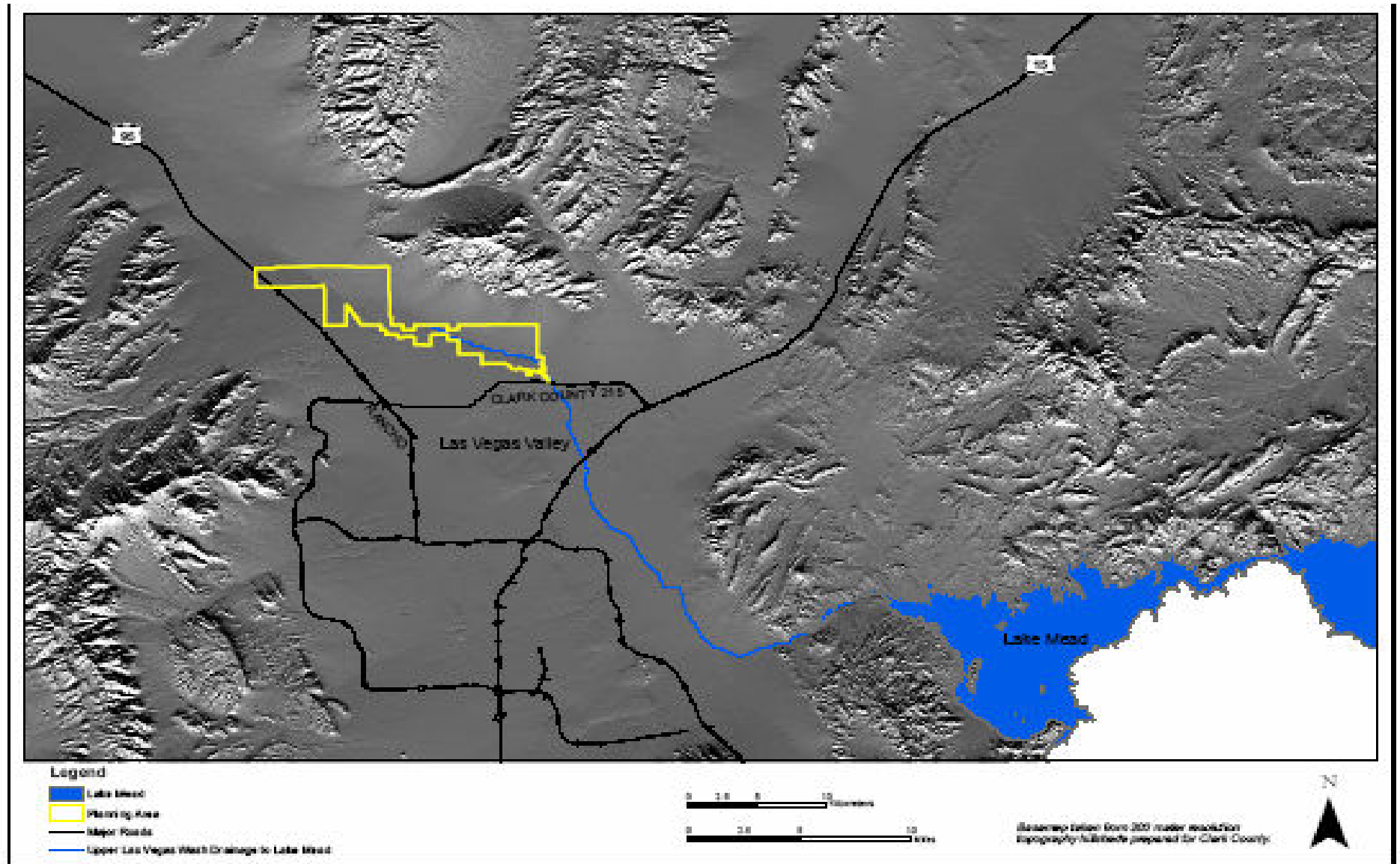


Upper Las Vegas Wash Conservation Transfer Area

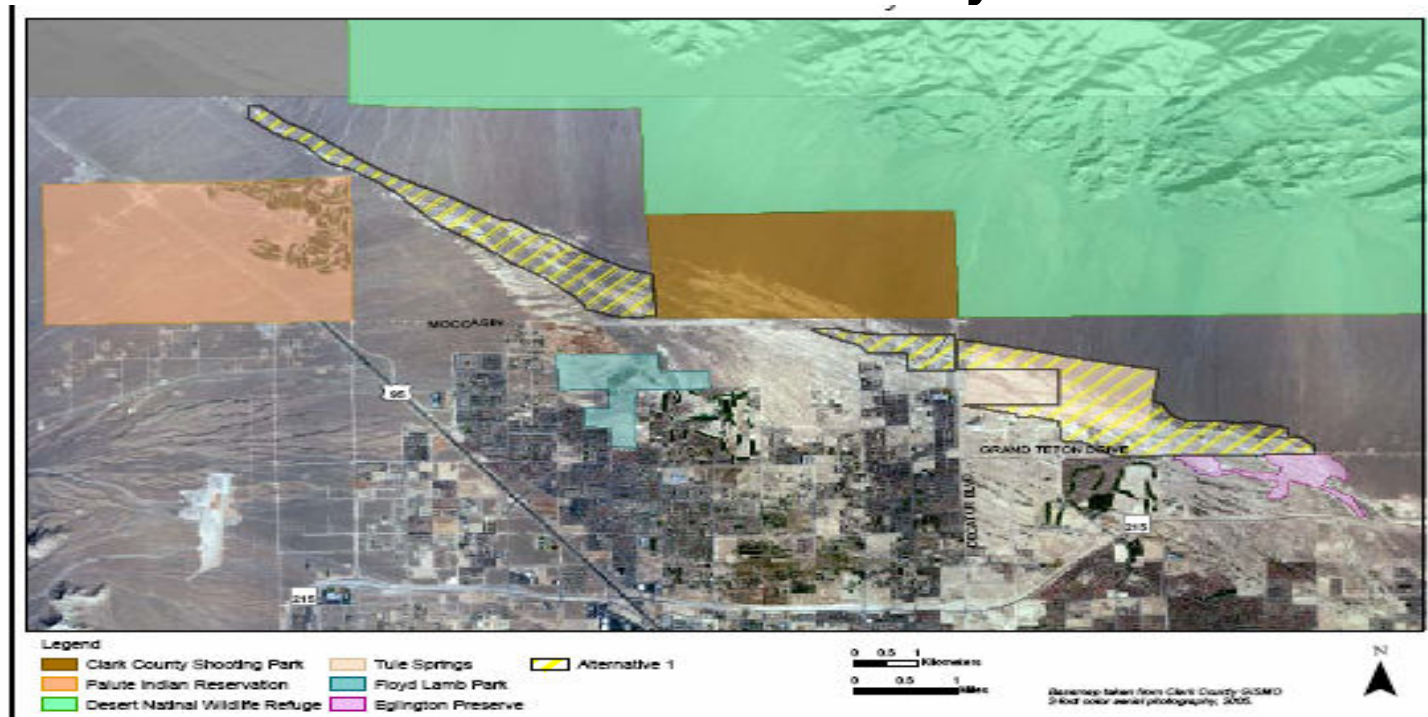
Planning Area Location



Upper Las Vegas Wash Conservation Transfer Area Chronology

- **Clark County Preservation of Public Lands & Natural Resources Act of 2002**
- **Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)**
 - Record of Decision
 - Proposed Conservation Transfer Area (CTA)
- **Stakeholders Meetings**
 - Implementation and Management of CTA
 - Boundary Alternatives
 - Complex Issue – Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS)
- **Utah State University Cooperation Ecosystem Research Center**
 - 30-month study
 - Impact of development on Upper Las Vegas Wash
 - Mitigation Recommendations
- **Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS)**
 - August Scoping Meetings
 - Citizen Advocacy Groups
 - Cooperating Agency Status (CLV)
 - Preliminary Alternatives

Alternative Boundary One



Boundary

Alternative One encompasses jurisdictional waters on the western side of the R&PP Leases

It is approximately 2,940 acres, a reduction of 2,000 acres from the No Action alternative

Alternative One includes Tule Springs, all surface paleontological sites, and sensitive plant habitat. It excludes the Floyd Lamb R&PP and the Eglington Preserve

Allowable Uses

The Eglington Preserve would not be available for disposal

Some infrastructure needs would be permitted

Some modifications for flood control would be permitted including the northwest detention basin, and all flood control facilities for the City of North Las Vegas

Recreation infrastructure developments in the R&PP leased lands

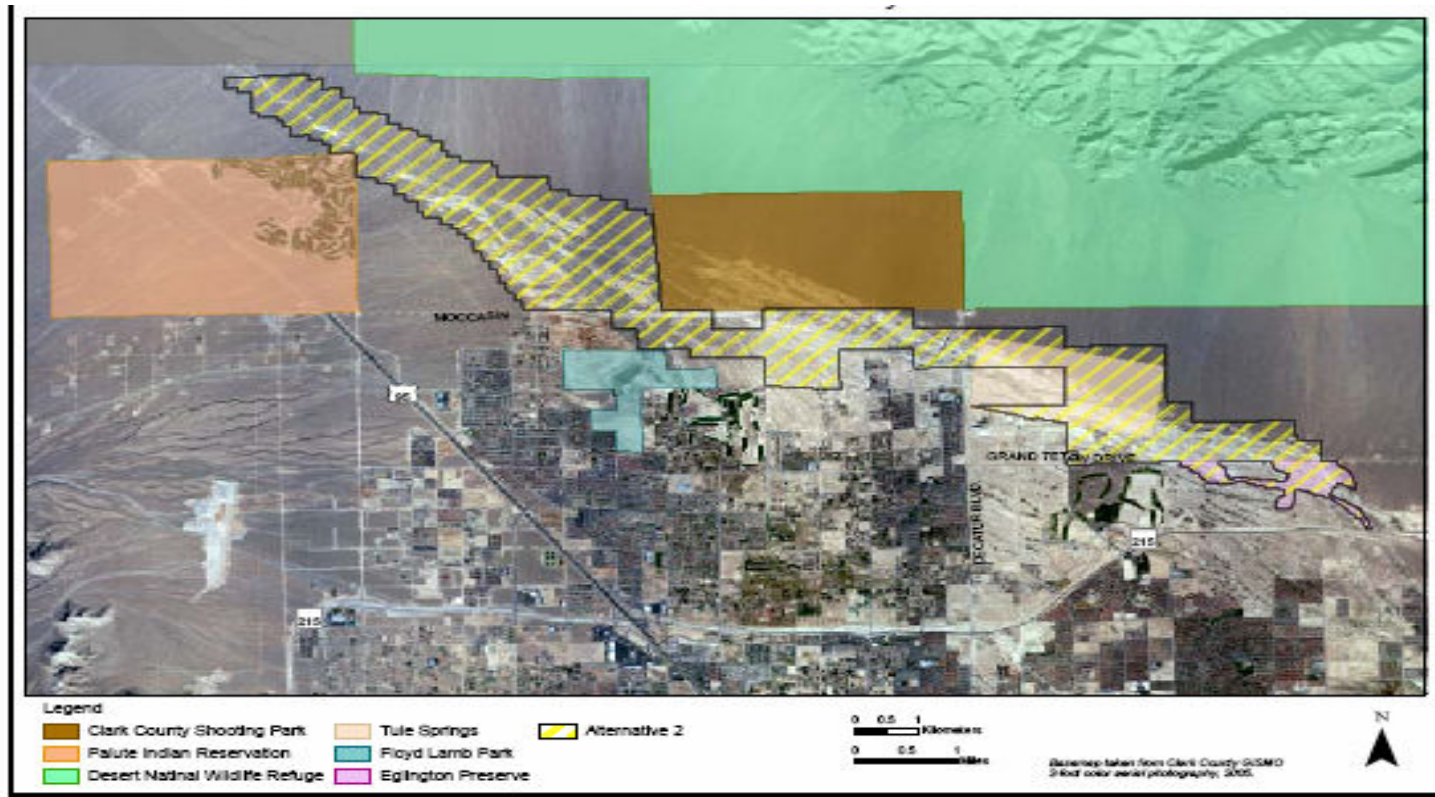
Connections to regional parks and trails

A number of paleontological sites would occur outside of the boundary

Management

Management may be by the BLM, City, County, or a private conservation group

Alternative Boundary Two



Boundary

Alternative two encompasses jurisdictional waters, flood terrace, and portions of the uplands as a buffer. It is approximately 6,323 acres, an increase of approximately 1,323 acres from the No Action Alternative. Alternative two includes the Eglington Preserve and the R&PP leased lands.

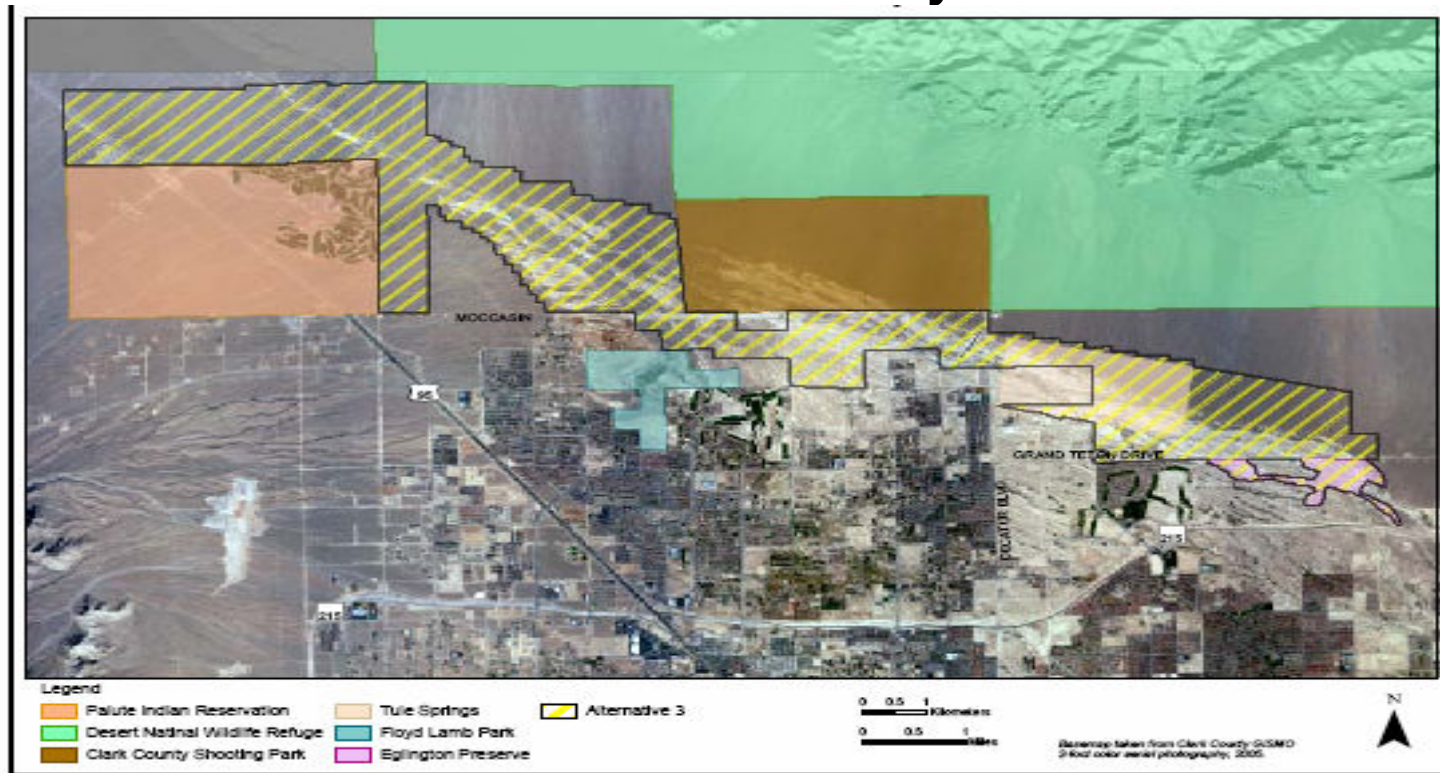
Allowable Uses

- The Eglington Preserve would not be available for disposal.
- Some infrastructure needs would be permitted.
- Some modifications for flood control would be permitted.
- Recreation would be managed the same as Alternative one with potential for increased trails.
- All paleontological sites would occur inside the boundary.

Management

Management may be by the BLM, City, County, or a private conservation group.

Alternative Boundary Three



Boundary

Include ½ mile buffer east of the Las Vegas Paiute Reservation and a one mile buffer north of the reservation
It is approximately 9,000 acres, an increase of approximately 3,000 acres from the No Action Alternative
Increases the bajada on the northeast side
Includes the Eglington Preserve

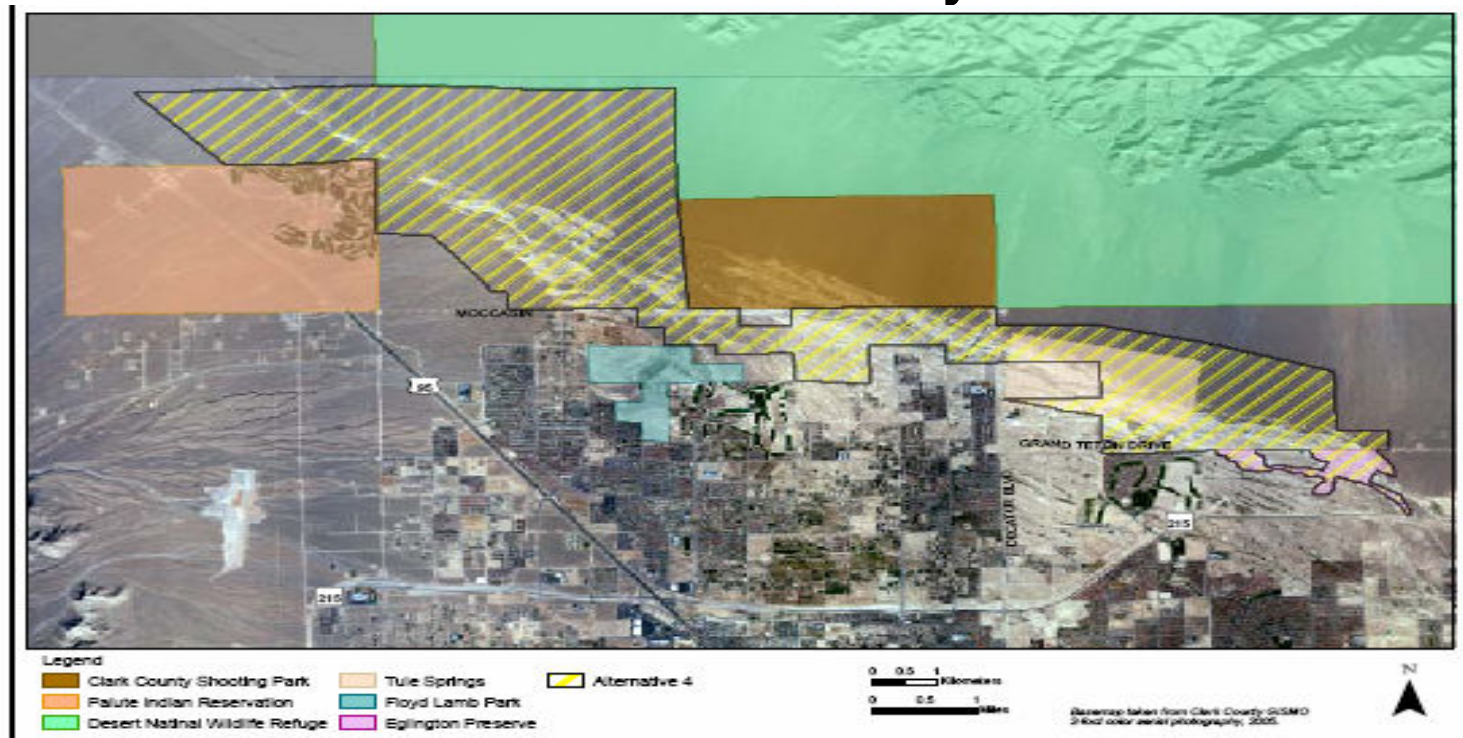
Allowable Uses

The Eglington Preserve and Tule Springs NHS would not be available for disposal
Infrastructure permitted would include the Beltway
Some modifications to the natural channel for flood control would be permitted
Recreation would be managed same as Alternative One with the potential for additional trails
All paleontological sites would occur inside the boundary with a larger buffer than Alternative Two

Management

Management may be by the BLM, City, County, or a private conservation group

Alternative Boundary Four



Boundary

Includes lands between the reservation and the Desert National Wildlife Refuge (DNWR)

It is approximately 10,600 acres, in increase of approximately 5,600 acres from the No Action Alternative

Moves boundary approximately ½ mile east of Highway 95, north of the reservation

Moves boundary one mile north of Mocassin on east side of reservation

Includes Eglington Preserve

Allowable Uses

The Eglington Preserve would not be available for disposal

Some infrastructure needs would be permitted

Flood control would be accomplished with the natural wash with no modifications

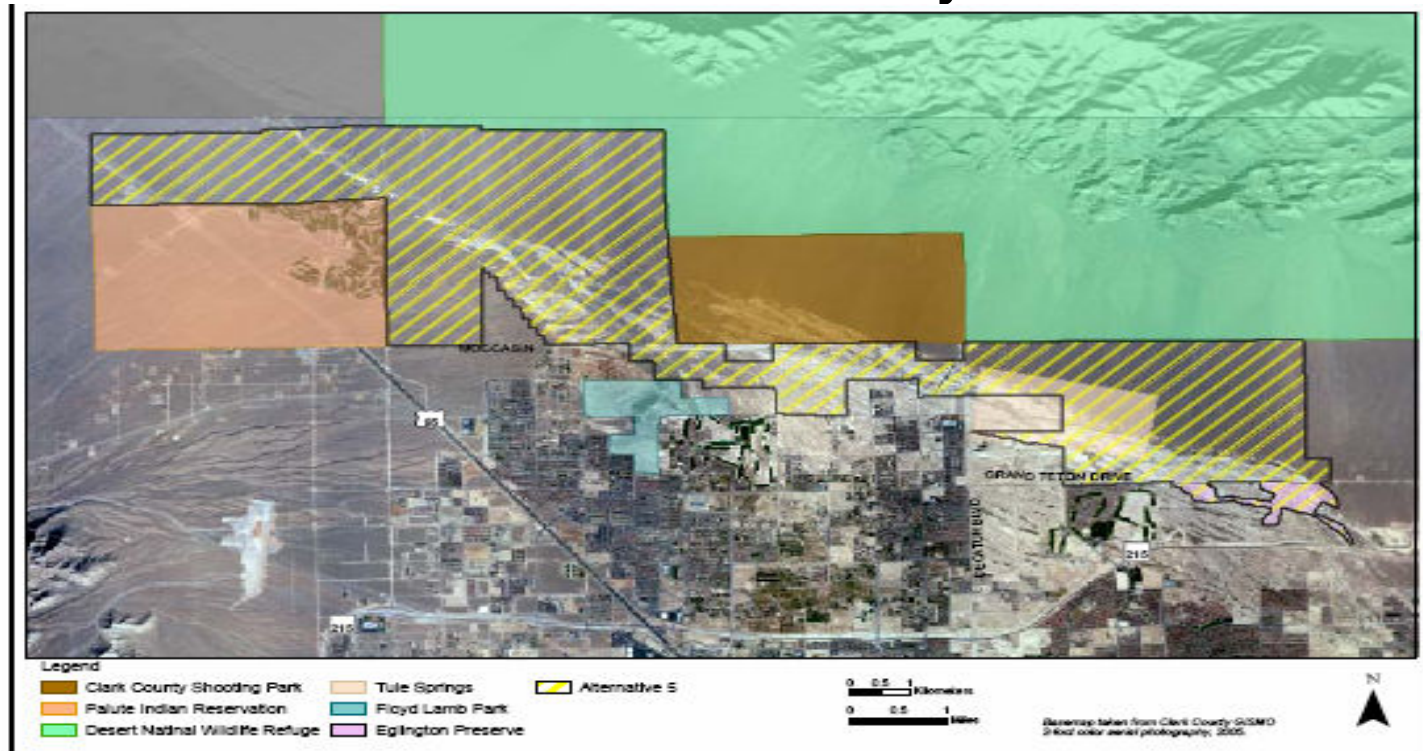
Recreation would be managed same as Alternative One with greater potential for additional trails than alternative Three

All paleontological sites would occur inside the boundary with a larger buffer than alternative Three

Management

Management may be by the BLM, City, County, or a private conservation group

Alternative Boundary Five



Boundary

This is the entire study area as defined in the SEIS.

It is approximately 12,800 acres, an increase of approximately 7,800 acres from the No Action Alternative

Follows the DNWR as the north boundary

Includes a one mile buffer north and east of the Las Vegas Paiute Reservation

Includes the area of North 5th street to the DNWR boundary

Allowable Uses

The Eglington Preserve would not be available for disposal

Only infrastructure needs common to all alternatives would be permitted

Flood control would be accomplished with the natural wash with no modifications

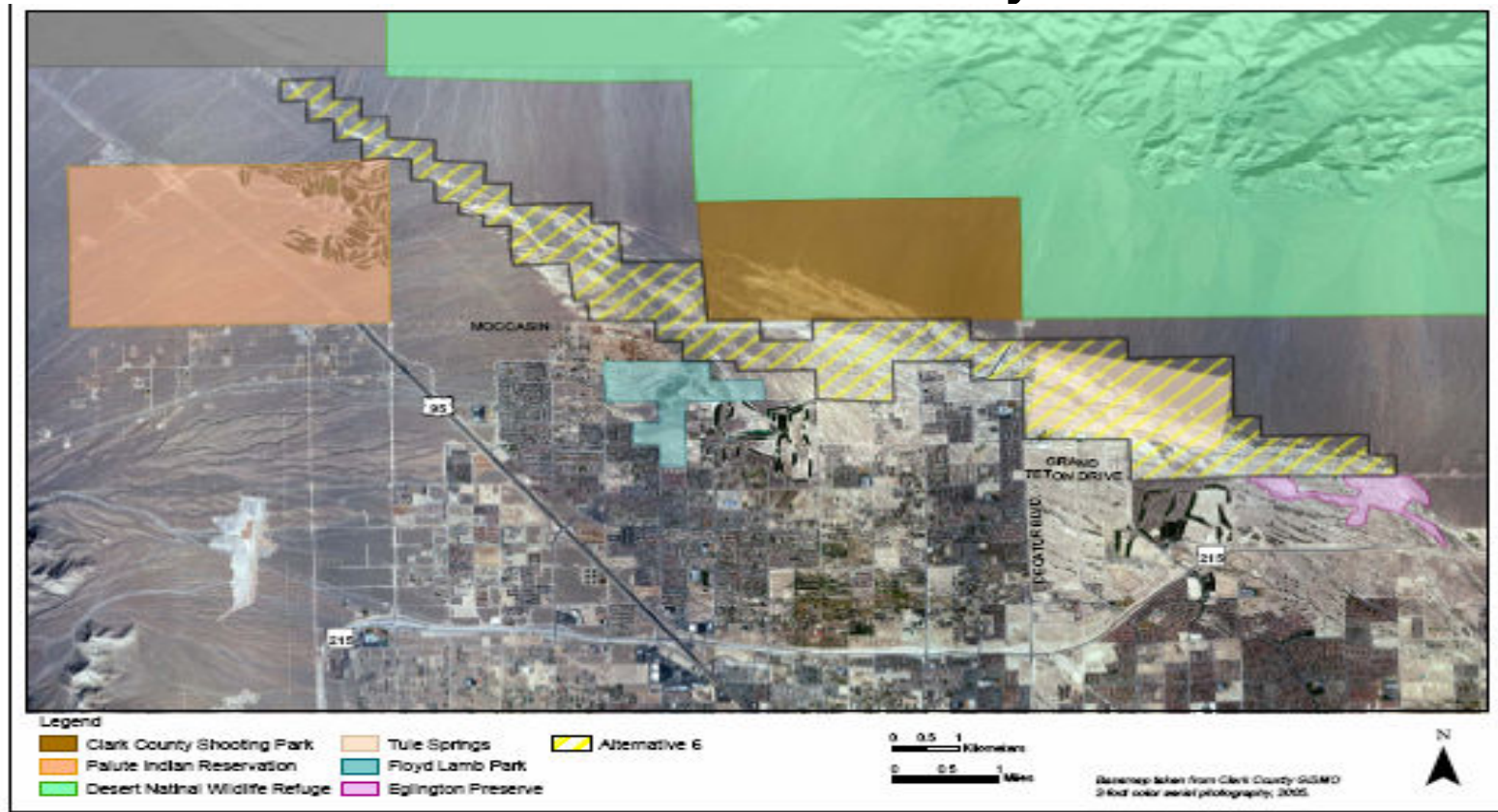
Recreation would be managed same as Alternative One with the maximum potential for additional trails

All paleontological sites would occur inside the boundary with the maximum buffer

Management

Management may be by the BLM, City, County, or other private conservation group

Alternative Boundary Six



Boundary

The boundary is the same as the original Conservation Transfer Alternative Boundary

Allowable Uses

The Eglington Preserve would not be available for disposal

Some infrastructure needs would be permitted

Some modifications to the natural channel for flood control may be permitted

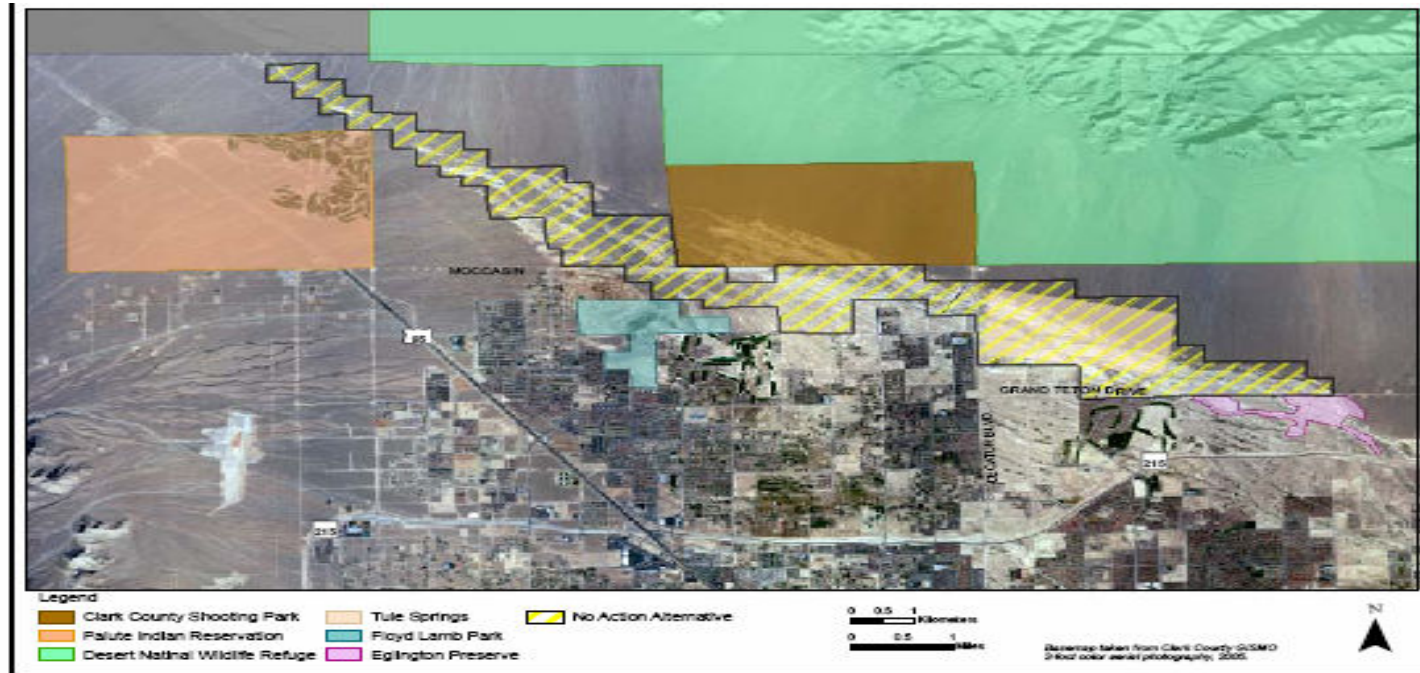
Recreation would include R&PP, parks, open space, and fewer potential for trails

Most paleontological sites would occur inside the boundary

Management

Management may be by the BLM, City, County, or a private conservation group

No Action Alternative Boundary



Boundary

The No Action Alternative represents the original Conservation Transfer Alternative Boundary

It is approximately 5,000 acres and would be available for disposal in accordance with SNPLMA, FNPLMA, and other applicable laws, subject to valid existing rights

Allowable Use

The Eglington Preserve and Tule Springs National Historic Site would not be available for disposal

The maximum amount of infrastructure needs would be permitted

The maximum modifications for flood control would be permitted

Recreation would be managed according to City Manager Plans and R&PP leases

The Eglington Preserve and Tule Springs would be managed for recreation by the BLM

Paleontological sites would be mitigated

Management

It would be managed by the BLM until sold

Upper Las Vegas Wash
Conservation Transfer Area – SEIS
Where do we go from here?

- Cooperating agency status
- Council Resolution / Direction
- Identification of Other Partners for Support
- Congressional Briefings
- Legal action